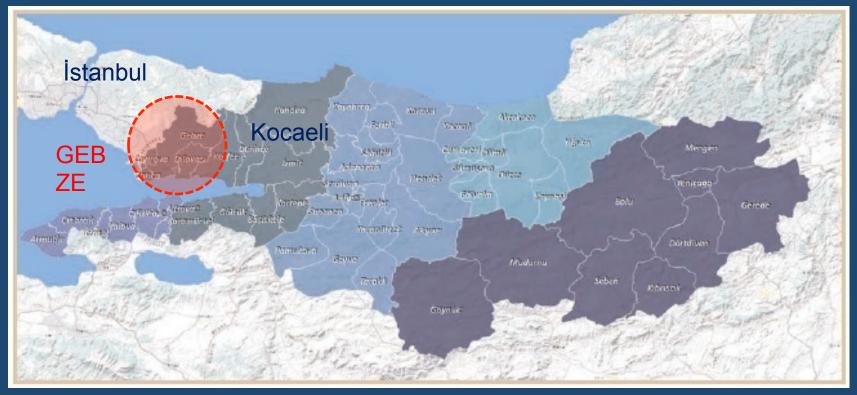
INDUSTRIAL DECENTRALIZATION AS A REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT: GEBZE CASE

Dr. Ayşe Nur Albayrak Gebze Technical University

ERES 24-27 June 2015 ITU / ISTANBUI

INDUSTRIAL DECENTRALIZATION AS A REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT: GEBZE CASE



INDUSTRIAL DECENTRALIZATION AS A REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT: GEBZE CASE

- Literature review
- Motivation and aim of the study
- Method
- Evaluation framework case study
- Results

- Urban transformation
- Industrial decentralization

- Urban transformation
- Industrial decentralization

 Central decentralization – peripheral development (Barcelona, Copenhagen..)

Hansen and Winter 2007 / Marmalejo-Duarte, 2007

- Urban transformation
- Industrial decentralization

 Central decentralization – peripheral development (Barcelona, Copenhagen..)

Urban sprawl (LA, Chicago vs. NY)

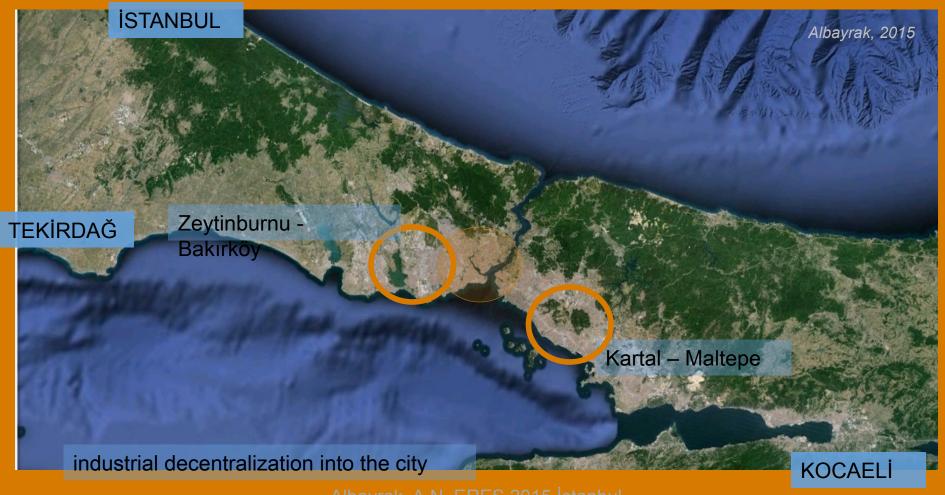
Glaeser and Khan, 2001 / Gardner and Marley 2013

Transformation of CBD (İstanbul)

Dökmeci and Berköz, 1994



Albayrak, A.N. ERES 2015 İstanbu





Motivation and Aim of the Study

- decentralization of an industrial zone in the city peripherals
- an active industrial zone

Motivation and Aim of the Study

- decentralization of an industrial zone in the city peripherals
- an active industrial zone

 the purpose of this study is to discuss the possible effects of urban transformation offered as a real estate development project on the city of Gebze

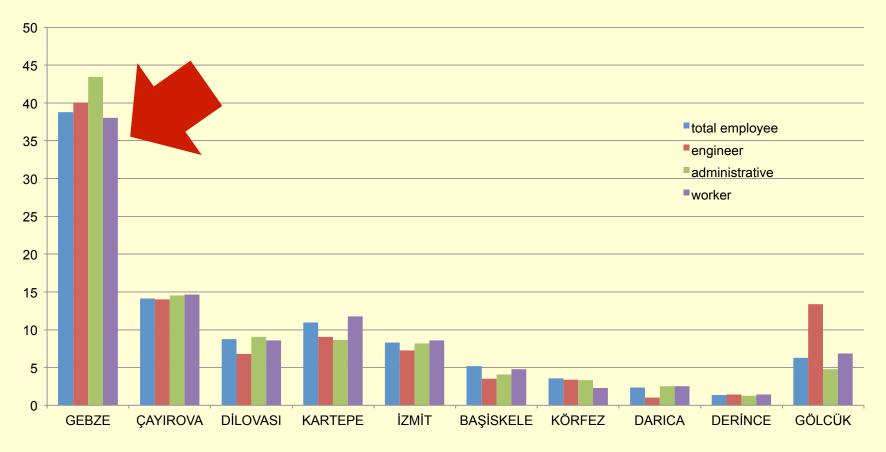
Method

planning reports

Method

- planning reports
- face to face interviews

Evaluation Framework – Gebze



Share of industrial employee in Kocaeli (%)

Data: Capacity Reports, February 2015

Evaluation Framework – Gebze

- Industry -dual spatial structure
 - Organized Industrial Zones
 - the city entrance and residential areas in a scattered way

Evaluation Framework – Gebze

Rational of the transformation need;

- The current industrial zone being surrounded by residential areas and therefore the impossibility of growth of industrial zone in this area.
- The adverse effects of industrial pollution on residential areas.
- Security risks (fire, exploitation etc.) created by production sites the remaining in residential areas.
- Visual pollution at the city entrance.
- Economic returns expected from non-industrial
 USes. Albayrak, A.N. ERES 2015 İstanbul

Evaluation Framework – Regional Plan

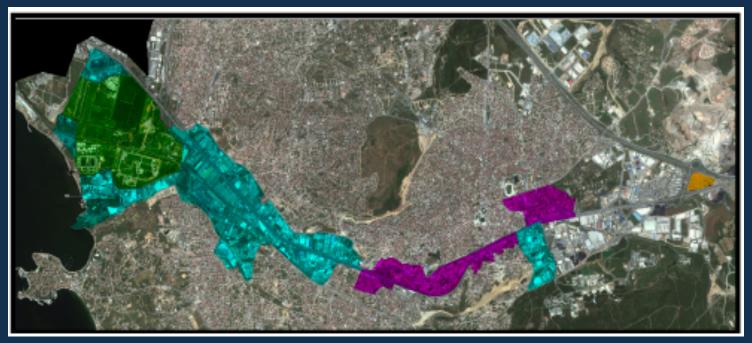
- Livable city
- "Transformation of Disaster Risk Areas" (6306)
- "a tool which supports the development and revitalizes the city's economy"

Evaluation Framework – Master Plan

- Master Plan (1/1000)
- Urban Transformation Master Plan

Evaluation Framework – Master Plan

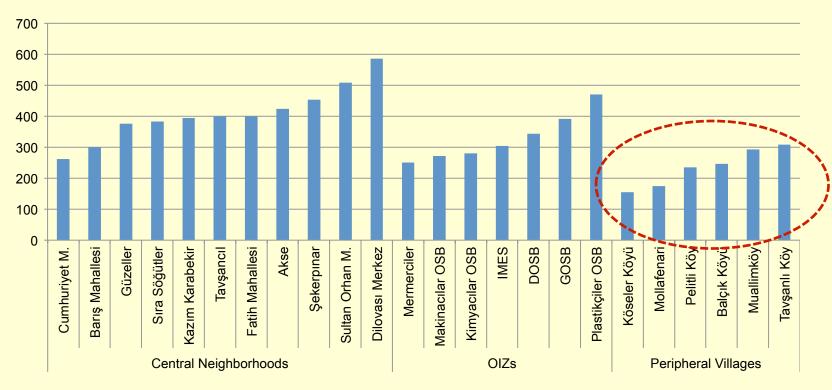
D-100 Road – Special Project Area



Map: Kocaeli KDMP (Draft) Report, 2014

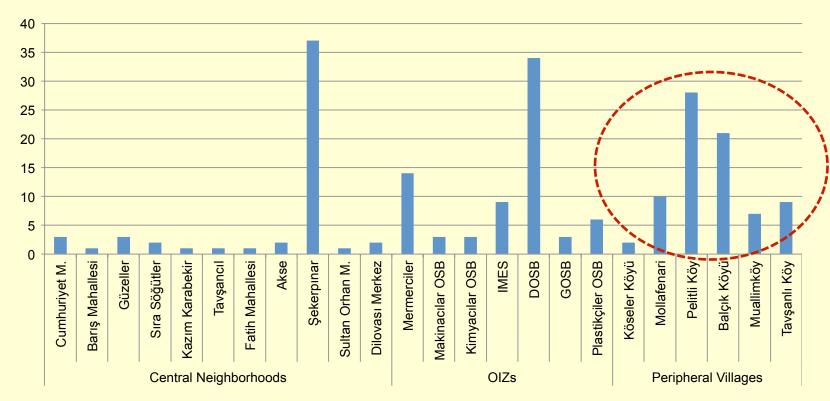
Interviews: 2015, April – May

- "industrial decentralization is inevitable and necessity for the future of the city"
- perceive the transformation with suspicion
 - -"removal of the industry from the city is wrong"
 - -"transformation process cannot be completed;
 the removal of the large scale companies
 would be very difficult"



Data: Hurriyet Emlak web site , June 2015

Average industrial land m² values (\$)



Data: Hurriyet Emlak web site , June 2015

Number of advertisement on the page

Interviews – possible effects on production relationships

uncertainty of decentralization process

Interviews – possible effects on production relationships

- uncertainty of decentralization process
- lack of technical knowledge and institutional capacity of municipalities

Interviews – possible effects on production relationships

- uncertainty of decentralization process
- lack of technical knowledge and institutional capacity of municipalities
- scope of the jurisdiction of the municipality
 - governmental interventions

Interviews – the labor structure

- changing labor structure
 - –qualified labor attractive living spaces
 - –unqualified labor challenge/opportunities for new jobs

Interviews – the labor structure

- changing labor structure
 - –qualified labor attractive living spaces
 - —unqualified labor challenge/opportunities for new jobs
- unemployment rate local economy

 transformation needs for (squatter) neighborhoods

- transformation needs for (squatter) neighborhoods
- possible relocations (families, neighborhoods..)

- transformation needs for (squatter) neighborhoods
- possible relocations (families, neighborhoods..)
- possible problems for integration of different social groups and also urban spaces

- transformation needs for (squatter) neighborhoods
- possible relocations (families, neighborhoods..)
- possible problems for integration of different social groups and also urban spaces
- urban design issues

Results and Policy Recommendations

Results and Policy Recommendations

Holistic view

Social inclusion

Identity

Mixed land use

Adaptation

Creating new jobs

Diversity

Education & Learning

Connectivity

Participation

INDUSTRIAL DECENTRALIZATION AS A REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT: GEBZE CASE

Dr. Ayşe Nur Albayrak

Gebze Technical University
City and Regional Planning Department
Gebze-Kocaeli
nur4134@gmail.com

ERES 24-27 June 2015 ITU / ISTANBUL